

INDION® RESINS



The Preferred Choice

Our INDION range is backed by sustained focus on customer needs, intensive product and application R&D, sound technical support and wide application knowhow. Add to this continuous innovation, worldclass quality, state-of-the-art ISO 9001 & 14001 certified facilities, an FDA approved pharmaceutical grade resin manufacturing unit...and you get the perfect recipe that makes INDION the preferred choice across sectors for over five decades.

Wide Range. Extensive Applications.

A complete range of cation & anion resins for water and waste water treatment as well as a host of speciality applications - pharmaceutical excipients, catalysts, nuclear grade resins, chelating resins for brine softening and heavy metal removal, adsorbent grade resins, resins for removal of colour, odour, organics, nitrate & tannin, resins for purification of bio-diesel, sugar, food & beverages and many more...

- Refinery & Petrochemical
- Steel, Power & Paper
- Food & Beverages
- Pharmaceuticals Bio-technology & Electronics
- Textiles, Sugar, Auto & Mini-steel
- Cement & Chemicals

| | Resin Type | INDION Designation | Matrix Type | Functional Group | Standard Ionic Form | Particle Size mm | Moisture Content % | Maximum Operating Temperature °C | Total Exchange Capacity meq/ml | | |
|-----|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Controlled Parti | strial Water Tr cle Size Ion Ex | | s (CPS Resins) | | | | | | |
| Α | Anion Exchange I | | | | | | | | | I - | |
| BA | Gel | GS 3000 (Type 1) | Styrene DVB | -N+ R ₃ | Cl | 0.50 – 0.65 (effective size) | 48 – 58 | 60 (OH ⁻) | 1.3 | Cl ⁻ to OH ⁻ 25 – 30 | Demineralisation in co-current and countercurrent mode. Condensate polishing & caprolactum purification. |
| С | Cation Exchange | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| \C | Gel | 2250 Na | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | Na ⁺ | 0.50 – 0.65 (effective size) | 43 – 50 | 120 | 2.0 | Na+ to H+ 8 approx. | Premium grade cation exchange resin for water softening. |
| ,,, | Gei | 2250 H | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | H+ | 0.50 – 0.65 (effective size) | 49 – 55 | 120 | 1.8 | Na+ to H+ 8 approx. | Premium grade cation exchange resin for demineralisation |
| | | Industrial V | Vater Treatme | nt | | | | | | | |
| Α | Anion Exchange I | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| | | FF-IP (Type 1) | Crosslinked Polystyrene | −N+ R ₃ | Cl¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 55 | 60 (OH ⁻) | 1.2 | Cl ⁻ to OH ⁻ 10 – 15 | Demineralisation in co-current and countercurrent mode. |
| | Isoporous | FF-IP (MB) | Crosslinked Polystyrene | −N+ R ₃ | CI | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 55 | 60 (OH ⁻) | 1.2 | Cl ⁻ to OH ⁻ 10 – 15 | Used in mixed bed. |
| | | N-IP (Type 2) | Crosslinked Polystyrene | −N+ R ₃ | Cl¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 45 – 53 | 40 (OH¯) | 1.2 | Cl ⁻ to OH ⁻ 10 – 15 | Demineralisation in co-current and countercurrent mode. |
| | 0.1 | GS 300 (Type 1) | Styrene DVB | −N+ R ₃ | Cl¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 48 – 58 | 60 (OH ⁻) | 1.3 | Cl ⁻ to OH ⁻ 25 – 30 | Demineralisation in co-current and countercurrent mode. Condensate polishing & caprolactum purification. |
| BA | Gel | GS 400 (Type 2) | Styrene DVB | −N+ R ₃ | Cl¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 45 – 51 | 40 (OH ⁻) | 1.2 | Cl ⁻ to OH ⁻ 10 – 15 | Demineralisation in co-current and countercurrent mode. |
| | | 810 (Type 1) | Styrene DVB | −N+ R ₃ | Cl¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 56 – 63 | 60 (OH ⁻) | 1.0 | CI ⁻ to OH ⁻ 15 – 20 | Demineralisation in co-current and countercurrent mode. |
| | Macroporous | 830 (Type 1) | Styrene DVB | −N+ R ₃ | Cl¯ | 0.3 –1.2 | 57 – 66 | 80 (CI ⁻) | 0.95 | Cl ⁻ to OH ⁻ 7 – 17 | Removal of organics & colour from water. |
| | | 820 (Type 2) | Styrene DVB | −N+ R ₃ | Cl¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 54 – 61 | 40 (OH ⁻) | 1.0 | Cl ⁻ to OH ⁻ 10 – 15 | Demineralisation in co-current and countercurrent mode. |
| ВА | Macroporous | 850 | Styrene DVB | -NR ₂ -N+ R ₃ | Free base | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 55 (CI ⁻) | 60 | 1.5 | FB to hydrochloride 25 max | Removal of strong acids from water. |
| C | Cation Exchange | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 220 Na | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | Na+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 50 – 55 | 120 | 1.8 | Na+to H+ 8 approx. | Standard grade cation exchange resin for water softening. |
| | | 225 Na | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | Nα ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 43 – 50 | 120 | 2.0 | Na+ to H+ 6 – 10 | Premium grade cation exchange resin for water softening. |
| \C | Gel | 225 H | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 49 – 55 | 120 | 1.8 | Na+to H+ 8 approx. | Premium grade cation exchange resin for demineralisation |
| | | 325 H (MB) | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | H ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 54 | 120 | 1.9 | Na+to H+ 8 approx. | Premium grade cation exchange resin for use in mixed be |
| | | 222 Na | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - | Na ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 53 | 120 | 1.92 | Na+ to H+ 8 approx. | Premium grade cation exchange resin for water softening. |

| | Resin Type | INDION Designation | Matrix Type | Functional Group | Standard Ionic Form | Particle Size mm | Moisture Content % | Maximum Operating Temperature °C | Total Exchange Capacity meq/ml | | |
|------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | Industrial V | Vater Treatm | ent | | | | | | | |
| C | Cation Exchange | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 225 Na F | Styrene DVB | -\$O ₃ - | Na ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 43 – 50 | 120 | 2.0 | Na+to H+ 8 approx. | In the treatment of foodstuffs, beverages, potable water an water used in the processing of food. This product conform to NSF / ANSI standard 61 & is certified with GOLD SEAL from WQA. |
| 4C | Gel | 222 Na F | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - | Nα ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 53 | 120 | 1.92 | Na+to H+ 8 approx. | In the treatment of foodstuffs, beverages, potable water an water used in the processing of food. This product conform to NSF / ANSI standard 61 & is certified with GOLD SEAL from WQA. |
| | | 222 Na BL | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | Nα ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 46 – 51 | 120 | 1.9 | - | Solvent free cation – in the treatment of foodstuffs, beverage potable water and water used in the processing of food. |
| | | 303 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 55 – 60 | 120 | 1.8 (Na+) | Na+to H+ 6 approx | Colour indicating resin Colour changes at the time of exhaustion. |
| | Macroporous- | 730 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 54 – 57 | 120 | 1.7 (Na+) | - | Recovery of metals from aqueous and non-aqueous stream |
| | SPL | 790 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 51 – 55 | 120 | 1.9 (Na+) | Na+ to H+ 2 – 6 | Demineralisation in co-current, countercurrent mode and condensate water treatment. |
| AC- | Gel | 236 | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | - COO ⁻ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 46 - 54 | 120 | 4.0 | H+ to Na+ 80 – 120 | Removal of alkaline hardness from water. |
| AC = | Macroporous | 662 | Methacrylic DVB | - COO ⁻ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 44 – 50 | 100 | 3.8 | H+ to Na+ 70 max | Removal of alkaline hardness from water. |
| N | Nixed Bed Resins | | | | • | | | | | • | |
| | | MB 6 SR | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - N+ R ₃ | H⁺ OH¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | Super-regenerated mixture of cation and anion for produci ultrapure water. |
| | | MB - 11 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - N+ R ₃ | H⁺ OH¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | 1:1 volume ratio of cation in H ⁺ and anion in OH ⁻ to produce high purity demineralised water. |
| | | MB – 12 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - - N+ R ₃ | H ⁺ OH ⁻ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | 1:2 stoichiometrically equivalent volume ratio of cation in hand anion in OH ⁻ to produce high purity demineralised water. |
| | | MB - 115 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - N+ R ₃ | H+ OH | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | 40:60 volume ratio of cation and anion to produce high purity demineralised water. |
| | | RPI | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - N+ R ₃ | H⁺ OH¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | Non-regenerable mixed bed application where highest qua water is required. Colour changes at the time of exhaustion |
| | | MB 151 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - N+ R ₃ | H⁺ OH¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | Non-regenerable EDM application |
| | | MB 1150 HP | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - N+ R ₃ | H+ OH ⁻ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | Production of high purity water in electronic & pharma industry. |
| С | Dil Removal Resi | 1 | | • | | | | • | • | • | • |
| | SPL | Oleophilic | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | Na ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 35 – 41 | 120 | 1.6 to 1.7 | - | Oil removal from steam condensate of petroleum refineries petroleum products & water contaminated with hydrocarbo |

*meq/dry g

| Resin Type | INDION Designation | Matrix Type | Functional Group | Standard Ionic Form | Particle Size mm | Moisture Content % | Maximum Operating Temperature °C | Total Exchange Capacity meq/ml | | |
|----------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Potable W | later Treatmer | nt | | | | | | | |
| Polyiodide Re | sin | | | | | | | | | |
| SPL | SRCD I | Crosslinked Polymer impregnated with iodine | - N+ R ₃ | I ₃ - | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 15 – 35 | - | - | Disinfection of potable water. |
| SPL | 222 Na NS | Crosslinked Polystyrene | - SO ₃ | Na ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 43 – 49 | 120 | 1.9 | - | Water softening application. This product conforms to NSF / ANSI standard 61 & is certified with GOLD SEAL from WQA. |
| Arsenic and I | on Removal Resin | | | | | | _ | | | |
| SPL | ASM | Crosslinked Polystyrene | - | - | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 54 | 60 | 0.5 - 2.0 g As/l | - | Removal of Arsenic from potable water. This product conforms to NSF / ANSI standard 61 & is certified with GOLD SEAL from WQA. |
| SFL | ISR | Crosslinked Polystyrene | - | - | 0.3 – 1.2 | 46 – 54 | 40 | - | - | Removal of dissolved iron from water. This product conforms to NSF / ANSI standard 61 & is certified with GOLD SEAL from WQA. |
| Fluoride Rem | oval Resin | | | | | | | | | |
| SPL | RS–F | Styrene DVB | NA | - | 0.3 – 1.2 | 50 – 60 | 60 | - | - | Removal of fluoride from potable water. |
| WAC Microporou | | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | - COO ⁻ | H÷ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 46 – 54 | 120 | 4.2 | H+to Na+ 65 max | Removal of alkaline hardness from water. |
| Cation Exchai | nge Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| SAC Gel | 225 Na F | Styrene DVB | -SO₃ ⁻ | Na ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 43 – 50 | 140 | 2.0 | Na+ to H+ 8 – 10 | High purity food grade resin for treatment of potable water and food stuff. This product conforms to NSF / ANSI standard & is certified with GOLD SEAL from WQA. |
| | 2250 Na F | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | Na÷ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 43 – 50 | 140 | 2.0 | Na+ to H+ 8 – 10 | High purity CPS food grade resin for treatment of potable water & food stuff. |
| Anion Exchan | ge Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| SBA Macroporou | NSSR (Type 1) | Styrene DVB | -N+ R₃ | CIT | 0.3 – 1.2 | 45 – 55 | 100 (CI ⁻) | 0.9 | Cl⁻ to NO₃⁻ Negligible | Selective removal of nitrates from water. This product conforms to NSF / ANSI standard 61 & is certified with GOLD SEAL from WQA. |
| Oxidation, Re | duction Catalyst | | | | | | - | | | |
| SPL | ORC | - | - | - | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | - | - | - | Removal of halogens and oxidising agents. |
| | Nuclear | Grade Resins | | | | | | | | |
| Cation Exchai | nge Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| | 223 H NG | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 54 | 120 | 1.9 | - | High purity ion exchange resin (in hydrogen form) for use in nuclear power plants. |
| SAC Gel | 2230 H NG | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 54 | 120 | 1.9 | - | High purity CPS ion exchange resin (in hydrogen form) for use in nuclear power plants. |
| | 223 Li | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | Li+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 53 | 120 | 1.9 | - | High purity ion exchange resin (in lithium form) for use in nuclear power plants. |
| Anion Exchan | ge Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| SBA Gel | ARU 104 | Crosslinked Polystyrene | N+R ₃ | CIT | 0.3 – 1.2 | 40 – 44 | 80 | 1.6 | - | Recovery of uranium from leach liquors. |
| JDA Gel | GS 300 NG | Styrene DVB | -N+R ₃ | OH ⁻ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 60 max | 60 | 1.1 | - | High strength strong base anion resin (Type I) for use in nuclear power plants. |
| * meg/dry g | · | | | | | | | SAC: Strong Acid Cation | SBA: Strong Base A | Anion, WBA: Weak Base Anion, WAC: Weak Acid Cation, SPL : Speciality |

* meq/dry g

| | Resin Type | INDION Designation | Matrix Type | Functional Group | Standard Ionic Form | Particle Size mm | Moisture Content % | Maximum Operating Temperature °C | Total Exchange Capacity meq/ml | Reversible Swelling % | Applications |
|-------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| | | Nuclear | Grade Resins | | | | | | | | |
| F | Anion Exchange | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| SBA | Gel | GS 3000 NG | Styrene DVB | -N+R₃ | OH ⁻ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 60 max | 60 | 1.1 | - | High strength CPS strong base anion resin (Type I) for use in nuclear power plants. |
| | | GS 80 | Crosslinked Polystyrene | −N+R ₃ | - SO ₃ - | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 55 | - | 0.8 | - | Oxygen scavenging. |
| 1 | Mixed Bed Resins | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Mixed Resins | CAM – 14 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - -N+R ₃ | H⁺ OH¯ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | 1:4 volume mixture of cation and anion to produce high purity alkaline water for use in nuclear power plants. |
| | Mixed Resins | CAM - 19 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - -N+R ₃ | Li+ OH ⁻ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | 1:9 volume mixture of cation and anion. Used in nuclear power plants. |
| | | Catalyst | Grade Resins | | | | | | | | |
| | Cation Exchange | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 140 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ | H+ | 0.42 - 1.2 | <1 | 150 | 4.8* | - | Catalyst for organic reactions like esterification etc. |
| CAC | Macroporous | 130 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - | H+ | 0.42 - 1.2 | <1 | 150 | 4.8* | - | Catalyst grade resin for esterification and alkylation reactions. |
| SAC | | 190 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - | H ⁺ | 0.42 – 1.2 | <1 | 150 | 4.7* | - | Premium catalyst for specialised applications such as esterification, alkylation etc. |
| | Gel | 770 | Styrene DVB | - SO ₃ - | H ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 63 – 66 | 120 | 1.4 | - | Catalyst for manufacture of butyl acetate, ethylacetate, olefin hydration & bisphenol A. |
| ļ | Anion Exchange | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| VBA | Macroporous | 860 | Styrene DVB | -NR ₂ -N+R ₃ | Free base | 0.3 – 1.2 | 52 – 56 (Cl¯) | 60 | 1.4 | FB to hydrochloride 25 max | As catalyst in aldolization reactions. |
| | | Hydro | metallurgy | | | | | | | | |
| (| Chelating Resins | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | MSR | Styrene DVB | Thiol | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 38 – 43 | 60 | 3.6* | - | Selective adsorption of bivalent mercury from industrial effluents. |
| | | TCR | Styrene DVB | Thio-Uronium | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 41 – 47 | 80 | 1.6 | - | Selective recovery of mercury and precious metals. |
| | | BSR | Styrene DVB | Amino Phosphonic | Na ⁺ | 0.42 - 1.2 | 60 – 70 | 80 | 2.0 (H+) | H ⁺ to Na ⁺ <45 H ⁺ to Ca ⁺⁺ <20 | Decalcification of secondary brine in chloralkali industry. |
| | | SIR | Styrene DVB | Iminodiacetic | Na ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 52 – 58 | 90 | 0.9 | - | Extraction and recovery of metals, removal of heavy metals from various organic or inorganic chemical products. |
| (| Cation Exchange | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 790 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 51 – 55 | 120 | 1.9 (Na+) | Na+ to H+ 2 – 6 | Recovery of metals from aqueous and non-aqueous streams |
| SAC | Macroporous | 730 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 54 – 57 | 120 | 1.7 (Na+) | - | Recovery of metals from aqueous and non-aqueous streams |
| | | 740 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | H ⁺ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 64 – 68 | 120 | 1.3 (Na+) | - | Recovery of metals from aqueous and non-aqueous streams |
| WAC | Gel | 236 | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | - COO ⁻ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 46 – 54 | 120 | 4.0 | H+ to Na+ 80 – 120 | Recovery of metals from aqueous and non-aqueous streams. |
| meq/d | dry g | | | | | | | | SAC: Strong Acid Cation | SBA: Strong Base An | ion, WBA: Weak Base Anion, WAC: Weak Acid Cation, SPL : Speciality |

| | Resin Type | INDION Designation | Matrix Type | Functional Group | Standard Ionic Form | Particle Size mm | Moisture Content % | Maximum Operating Temperature °C | Total Exchange Capacity meq/ml | | |
|-----|------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| | | Chemical P | rocess Application | on | | | | | | | |
| A | nion Exchange I | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| SBA | Macroporous | 830 S (Type 1) | Styrene DVB | −N+ R ₃ | CIT | 0.3 – 1.2 | 57 – 66 | 80 (CI ⁻) | 0.95 | CI ⁻ to OH ⁻ 7 – 17 | Removal of colour bodies from sugar syrup and other proces streams. This product conforms to NSF / ANSI standard 61 & is certified with GOLD SEAL from WQA. |
| | · | 930 A (Type 1) | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | −N+ R ₃ | CIT | 0.3 – 1.2 | 65 – 72 | 80 (CI ⁻) | 0.8 | CI ⁻ to OH ⁻ 10 – 15 | Removal of high level of colour bodies from sugar syrup. |
| | | 860 S | Styrene DVB | –N+ R₂ –N+ R₃ | Free base | 0.3 – 1.2 | 50 – 58 (CI ⁻) | 60 | 1.3 | FB to hydrochloride 25 max | Weak base anion resin with high osmotic stability for treatment of non-aqueous solution such as deashing of glucose, dextrose, sorbitol, gelatin & purification of MSG. |
| WBA | Macroporous | 870 | Styrene DVB | −N+ R₂ | Free base | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 55 (CI ⁻) | 60 | 0.95 | FB to hydrochloride 25 max | Deacidification of process streams. |
| | | 890 | Styrene DVB | -N+ R ₂ -N+ R ₃ | Free base | 0.3 – 1.2 | 52 – 56 | 60 | 1.4 | - | Removal of strong acids in non water, pharma & speciality applications. |
| C | Cation Exchange | Resins | | | | | | | | | |
| SAC | Macroporous | 790 | Styrene DVB | −SO₃ [−] | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 51 – 55 | 120 | 1.9 | Na+ to H+ 2 – 6 | Special grade cation exchanger for applications demanding higher oxidation stability such as gelatin purification, heavy metal removal etc. |
| | | 525 | Styrene DVB | -SO₃ ⁻ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 44 – 49 | 120 | 1.95 | Na+ to H+ 6 – 9 | Special grade cation exchanger for use in layered bed and for mixed bed condensate polishing. |
| WAC | Macroporous | 652 | Methaacrylic acid DVB | COO ⁻ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 47 – 55 | 100 | 3.5 | H+to Na+ 75 min | Ideal for the uptake of toxic undesirable heavy metals and temporary hardness from process liquor and industrial waters |
| WAC | Gel | 236 P | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | - COO ⁻ | H+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 46 – 54 | 120 | 4 | H+ to Na+ 80 – 120 | Removal of alkaline hardness from water |
| N | Nixed Bed Resins | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | GMW 11 (GVI) | Crosslinked Polystyrene | -SO ₃ -N+R ₂ | H+ OH ⁻ | 0.3 – 1.2 | - | 60 | - | - | Specially developed mix of resins for use in electroplating applications. Colour changes at the time of exhaustion. |

* meq/dry g

SAC: Strong Acid Cation, SBA: Strong Base Anion, WBA: Weak Base Anion, WAC: Weak Acid Cation, SPL: Speciality

| Resin Type | INDION Designation | Matrix Type | Functional Group | Standard Ionic Form | Particle Size mm | Moisture Content % | Maximum Operating Temperature °C | Total Exchange Capacity meq/ml | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Pharmaceut | ical Grade Res | ins | | | | | | | |
| | 204 | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | - COO ⁻ | H+ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 5 | - | 10.0* | - | Taste masking of bitter drugs such as Norfloxacin, Ofloxacin Roxithromycin, Dicyclomin Hydrochloride, Famotidine etc. |
| | 214 | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | - COO ⁻ | H+ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 5 | - | 10.0* | - | Taste masking of bitter drugs such as Azithromycin etc. |
| | 224 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | H ⁺ | 0.2 – 1.2 | <u><</u> 3 | - | 4.8* | - | Sustained release agent in drug formulations. |
| | 234 | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | - COO ⁻ | K ⁺ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 10 | - | - | - | Taste masking of bitter drugs such as Ciprofloxacin, Chloroquin Phosphate etc. as well as tablet disintegration. |
| | 234 S | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | - COO ⁻ | K ⁺ | < 0.075 | <u><</u> 10 | - | - | - | Taste masking of bitter drugs as well as tablet disintegration |
| | 244 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | H+ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 10 | - | 4.5* | - | Sustained release agent in drug formulations. |
| | 254 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | Na ⁺ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 10 | - | - | - | Sustained release agent in drug formulations. |
| SPL | 264 | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | -COO | H+ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 5 | - | 10.0* | - | Stabilisation of Vitamin B ₁₂ . |
| | 284 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | Nα+ | 0.3 – 1.2 | <u><</u> 70 | - | 1.0 | - | Sustained release agent in drug formulations. |
| | 294 | Crosslinked Polymethacrylic | -COO | K ⁺ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 10 | - | - | - | Tablet disintegrant/taste masking. Product meets specificatio of Polacrilin Potassium, USP . |
| | 404 | Styrene DVB | -SO ₃ - | Ca++ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 8 | - | - | - | Treatment of hyperkalaemia. |
| | 414 | Crosslinked Polyacrylic | -COO ⁻ | K+ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 10 | - | - | - | As super-disintegrant in mouth disperse tablets, iron & calcium pellets etc. |
| | 454 | Styrene DVB | −N ⁺ R ₃ | CIT | >0.075 - 45% <0.15 - 1% | <u><</u> 12 | - | 1.8 – 2.2** | - | Cholestyramine resin – used for lowering serum cholestero levels. Taste masking, drug stabilization, controlled release active ingredient. |
| | 464 | Crosslinked Polymethacrylic | - COO ⁻ | H+ | < 0.15 | <u><</u> 5 | - | 9.5* | - | Nicotine taste masking. |

SPL : Speciality

^{**} sodium glycocholate exchange capacity

| Resin Type | INDION Designation | Matrix Type | Functional Group | Standard Ionic Form | Particle Size mm | Moisture Content % | Maximum Operating Temperature °C | Total Exchange Capacity meq/ml | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Adsorben | Grade Resin | S | | | | | | | |
| | PA 500 | Styrene DVB | - | - | 0.3 – 0.85 | 63 – 67 | 150 | - | - | High surface area polymers for recovering non-polar substances from aqueous and non aqueous streams. |
| SPL | PA 600 | Styrene DVB | - | - | 0.3 – 0.85 | 55 – 65 | 130 | - | - | High surface area polymers for recovering non-polar substances from aqueous and non aqueous streams. |
| | PA 800 | Styrene DVB | - | - | 0.3 – 1.2 | 54 – 60 | 150 | - | - | High surface area polymers for recovering non-polar substances from aqueous and non aqueous streams. |
| | Biodiesel Manu | facture & Purit | ication | | | | | | | |
| | 190 | Styrene DVB | -SO₃ ⁻ | H+ | 0.42 – 1.2 | <1 | 150 | 4.7* | - | Esterification of FFA. |
| SPL | BF 100 | Styrene DVB | −N+ R ₃ | OH ⁻ | 0.3 – 1.2 | 63 – 75 | - | 0.9 | - | Purification of raw bio-diesel to remove residual FFA from 0.5 - 1.0% to less than 0.1%. |
| | BF 170 | Styrene DVB | Acidic | - | 0.3 – 1.2 | <u><</u> 3 | - | - | - | Purification of raw bio-diesel for removal of glycerine, soap, moisture etc. |

* meq/dry g

For more information visit us at: www.ionresins.com

We offer several other speciality resins for a wide variety of applications. These include fine mesh resins for chromatographic separations; dessicant grade resins for moisture removal from sovlents & resins for peptide synthesis.

Packing for *INDION*® Resins

| Moist Resins | ; | Dry Resins | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| HDPE liner bags | 25 / 50 lts | Dry Beads | | | | |
| LDPE liner bags | 0.5 cft / 1 cft / 25 lts | HDPE carbouys with | | | | |
| Super sack | 1000 lts / 35 cft | inner double plastic liner bags | 25 / 50 kgs | | | |
| MS drums with liner bags | 180 lts | | - | | | |
| Fibre drums with liner bags | 7 cft | Dry Powders | | | | |
| PVC Jars with liner bags | 5 / 6 lts | HDPE carbouys with | | | | |
| HDPE drums with liner bags | 50 / 100 / 180 lts | inner double plastic liner bags | 6 / 20 / 40 kgs | | | |

Protection of Ion Exchange Resins during Storage

Ion exchange resins, supplied in dry or moist condition, require proper care at all times. Always keep the resins drums / bags closed and in shade at a temprature between 10°C and 40°C.

Moist Resins: Resins which are supplied in moist condition must never be allowed to dry. Regularly open the drums / bags and check the condition of the resins. If the resin is not moist enough, add demineralised water to keep it in completely moist condition.

Dry Resins: Resins which are supplied as dry beads or dry powders should never be allowed to come in contact with moisture.

Measurement

Moist Resins: All water treatment resins and resins supplied in moist condition are generally sold on volume basis. The volume is measured in a column after backwashing, settling and draining of water to the bed surface.

Dry Resins: All dry resins are sold on weight basis.

Warning

Strong oxidising agents such as nitric acid, degrade ion exchange resins to a considerable extent. This may result in an explosive reaction. Thus, before using strong oxidising agents, consult sources knowledgeable in the handling of such material.

All manufacturing units are ISO 9001 & 14001 certified. Our Patancheru unit is also OHSAS 18001 certified.

To the best of our knowledge the information contained in this publication is accurate. Ion Exchange (India) Ltd. maintains a policy of continuous development and reserves the right to amend the information given herein without notice. Please contact our regional / branch offices for current product specifications.

INDION is the registered trademark of Ion Exchange (India) Ltd.

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